

Russians Fast Crush Austrian Defence INFLECT BIG LOSSES ON ENEMY

THE WAR AT A GLANCE

Russians Seize Heights of the Carpathian Mountains; Vienna Lies Beyond.

AUSTRIAN ARMY IN POLAND REFUSED

Russians Driving Westward Are Striving to Force an Opening Toward Berlin.

PETROGRAD, Russia, Sept. 7.—The Austrian army corps between the river Vistula and the river Bug are retreating with enormous losses, according to an official announcement, which adds: "The resistance of the enemy has been broken."

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 7.—While the Russian army is steadily crushing back the Austrian army in Russian Poland with heavy losses, the Russians in Austria-Hungary are scoring long gains and are now in possession of the heights of the Carpathian mountains, beyond which lies Vienna, capital of Austria. This is stated in an official statement from Petrograd of activities in Austria, as follows:

The Russians adopted offensive tactics September 1 among the Austrians in the region of Krassava, situated in the region of Krassava, suffered the most from the Russian attack. The Austrian infantry was completely surrounded and the commander, 41 officers and 140 men were taken prisoner.

German Reinforcements Attacked.—The German division which came to the aid of the Austrians was attacked on the left bank of the Vistula.

Russian troops have occupied the region around Stryk, and Russian cavalry is in possession of the Carpathian heights.

Russian Warships Again.—Russia's army is fighting and winning another great battle against the Austrians, according to advice received here from Petrograd, which state that a second Austrian army operating in front of Krassow, near Lublin, Russian Poland, reports great losses and has now been compelled to assume the defensive. Some of the Austrian forces have been forced to retreat.

The Times correspondent at Petrograd, referring to the same battle which it says was successful as the Russian operations against Lemberg, will overthrow the Russian line, and practically open the road to Berlin, says:

"Reliable information as to the progress of the battle enables me to state that the outlook is no whit less promising than the Lemberg campaign, but that several days may elapse before the final overthrow of the Austrian army."

The enemy comprises at least 30 divisions, besides several German corps, and will fight with the courage of despair.

On the east Prussian front there is the news of the appearance of a new army corps, the troops were installed at Allenstein, which is being reconnoitered by Russian cavalry.

Five Thousand Imprisoned.—Desperate fighting along the front from Lublin to Rohin where the Tenth Austrian army corps made an attempt to break through the Russian line, was reported in an official statement issued Sunday night.

The Austrians were heavily repulsed and 5000 were made prisoners. The Russians secured various documents in which the Austrian generals made urgent appeals for help from Germany.

OTHERS KILLED WHEN MINE EXPLODES

Four Trawlers Hasten to Aid, Rescuing Victims From North Sea.

MANY ARE INJURED BY FLYING DEBRIS

Frightened Passengers Overturn Two Boats, All that Could Be Launched.

GRIMSBY, Eng., Sept. 7.—Nearly 200 persons rescued from the Wilson liner Runo by trawlers when the steamship sank in the North sea, a victim of a contact mine at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

The Runo was bound from Hull on the long trip across the North Sea to Archangel, and her passengers were mostly Russians from America who are returning to Russia with their women and children.

The boat hit the mine in mid-afternoon Saturday during fine weather. The explosion was terrific and a large portion of the ship was shattered, while several passengers were killed or injured.

Boats Overturned.—The Runo, when she struck the mine, tilted at an angle which made it difficult to launch the life boats. Only two were launched, survivors said, and these, after reaching the water were overturned by the frightened people trying to get into them.

The Runo, after settling, remained in this position for some time, and then, after raising her stern in the air for a moment, she slipped into the depths. Many of the survivors, injured by flying debris, were taken in by citizens on their arrival.

GERMAN ROYALTY IN THE FIGHTING

Princes and Counts Innumerable Join the Colors in the Fight for

New York, Sept. 7.—That German princes are flocking to the flag as willingly as other sons of the fatherland is shown in an article printed in the Vossische Zeitung, one of the leading papers of Berlin, a copy of which arrived here yesterday. The article reads as follows:

"Duke Ernest Guenther, of Schleswig-Holstein accompanies the Holstein prince Karl, Duke of Mecklenburg, to the front."

The duke of Mecklenburg has joined the general command of the guards, prince Johann of Prussia, a son of the late emperor, is in command of the life guard at Frankfurt-on-the-Main. Duke Paul and duke Adolf of Mecklenburg have joined the general command of the 15th army corps.

The prince of Schaumburg-Lippe has been made commander of the fourth regiment of hussars. Prince George and Ernest of Saxe-Meiningen have joined the sixteenth regiment of dragoons. Prince Ernest, of Saxe-Meiningen, stepbrother of the duke, has accompanied the ninety-fifth regiment of infantry. Prince Max of Baden, has joined the general command of the fourteenth army corps.

The former governor of German southwest Africa, Herr von Schuckmann, has joined the second guard (the 1st) as a volunteer. A great number of the members of the reichstag have taken their places in the army. Twenty-six of the socialist members are already in the ranks fighting for their country."

RUSSIANS PICK OFF GERMANY'S OFFICERS

The Hague, Holland, Sept. 7.—German advices indicate that there is a very high proportion of officers among the German killed and wounded. The advices say that the Russians are good shots.

German missionaries in Africa are protesting vigorously against bringing the war into Africa, saying that this is against the provisions of the Congo act, endangering the prestige of the white race and breaking solidarity.

LET STRIKE END, WILSON DEMANDS

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POLES OF 3 NATIONS FIGHT ONE ANOTHER

Germany, Austria and Russia Each Has Promised Them Independence.

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All three powers have promised the Poles the restoration of their rights, and even independence. Especially has this been the case in Austria, where the government encouraged its Polish subjects to stand by the dual monarchy because they have enjoyed parliamentary autonomy in Galicia for the last 40 years and have been allowed to use their own language and customs.

The Poles then consequently responded readily to the appeal of the Austrian government. Two purely Polish regiments were formed, wearing old Polish uniforms and carrying the banners of old Poland. Under the command of their own officers these regiments easily penetrated into the provinces of Kielec, Sandomir and Lublin, in Polish Russia. With the forward movement of the Russian troops these provinces are suffering tremendously.

Cannon Bought By Belgium Fall to the Lot of Kaiser Wilhelm

Rotterdam, Holland, Sept. 7.—According to a report from Berlin, an official of the Deutsche bank at Brussels who has escaped to Brunswick, relates that a heated discussion took place recently in the Belgian chamber of deputies with regard to artillery supply of the Belgian army.

The government had ordered from the Krupp factory at Essen cannon to the value of 200,000,000 marks (\$47,000,000). These were ready for delivery early in the summer and the purchase price was paid over. However, owing to transportation difficulties, delivery was delayed and Germany seized them. Now, of course, there is no possibility of delivery. Charges of grave neglect are made against the government.

German Cruiser Takes Cook From British Steamer, Releases Her

San Francisco, Calif., Sept. 7.—The British freighter Gertriana, which arrived here early today, reported that she had been overhauled in Mexican waters by the German cruiser Leipzig, her wireless outfit removed and her German cook transferred to the Leipzig. Her captain would not say when or where it occurred, and was very silent about the particulars.

FLOOD DESTROYS SCORES OF HOMES

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 7.—Two hundred families were driven from their homes and a dozen houses were swept away today when Turkey Creek, a drainage stream at flood tide because of all night rains, ran out of its banks, inundated a large residence, and ran down the main business street of Rosedale, Kan., a suburb. Three feet of water stood in the city hall today.

In other sections of the business district the water reached six feet in depth. No lives were lost.

DECLARE GERMANS INCITING MOSLEMS

London, Eng., Sept. 7.—The correspondent of the Reuter Telegram company at Rome says a dispatch has been received there from Naples saying: "Steaming arriving from Egypt report that German emissaries are inciting the Mohammedans against England, saying that Germany is everywhere victorious."

SAYS 150,000 RUSSIANS PASSED THROUGH ENGLAND

New York, Sept. 7.—According to Vance Thompson, an American writer who has just returned from England, 150,000 Russian troops passed through England and are now in the rear of the German army in France. Thompson sailed from Liverpool August 23.

On that day Mr. Thompson said, he saw detachments of Cosacks on their way to the channel ports and learned that the British government had succeeded in giving the Russians the right of way to give the Russian service in order to give the Russians the right of way. He added that he could say from reliable authority that 150,000 Russians had already crossed the channel and were now probably attacking the German rear, while it was understood that the British government had reported a movement of Russian troops through the British Isles to the continent.

HUNDREDS OF GERMANS CAPTURED ON STEAMER

Brest, France, Sept. 7.—Six hundred Germans have been captured on board the Dutch steamer Tambora. Among them are 25 officers and civilians who are in prison at Chateau Breast.

The Tambora sailed July 26 from Havana for Rotterdam.

CHINA CANT PARTICIPATE IN U. S. NAVAL PARADE

Washington, D. C., Sept. 7.—China today officially notified the state department of its inability to participate in the naval rendezvous at the Panama Pacific exposition. Conditions arising because of the war are given as the reason, and the Chinese foreign office expressed itself with deep regret.

APPEARANCES ARE KAISER'S MEN ARE RETREATING FROM FRENCH CAPITAL

A GREAT BATTLE IS BEING FOUGHT

German Flank Is Known to Have Been Defeated and Turned Back by Allies.

PARIS, France, Sept. 7.—In the fighting which is going on today to the east and northeast of Paris, the German forces have their backs toward the capital. French troops are harassing their march. From time to time the Germans turn and engage the French at their backs. French shells fall continually in the German rear.

Observers consider that it is obvious that the Germans could not attack Paris while the French armies are intact and are continuing their wide turning movement under adverse circumstances.

Judging from reports made public in Paris, German troops covering the flank of the main German army encountered advance detachments of the allies in the fighting east of the capital, near La Ferté-Gaucher, and were obliged to retire.

It is estimated unofficially that nearly 100,000 troops are engaged in the fighting east of Paris.

PARIS, France, Sept. 7.—Engagements which began Saturday and Sunday to the east and northeast of Paris, the most important battles of the campaign, according to official announcements.

The armies of the allies are opposing the German advance over a front extending for about 120 miles from Nanteuil Le Haudouin, 25 miles northeast of Paris, to the great fortress of Verdun in the department of Meuse, and 20 miles west of the German frontier.

The French troops were strongly supported by 15 British soldiers, who passed through Paris several days ago.

Allies Hold Strong Position.—The position chosen by the allied forces to give battle to the advancing invaders is declared to be most favorable, having nearly its center of gravity entrenched camp at Chateau Sur Marne.

The allies conducted their operations so successfully that a portion of the German forces were forced to retire. The Germans had reached the region around Coulommiers and La Ferté Gaucher, respectively 20 and 40 miles to the east of Paris, when the detachments covering the flank of the main German army encountered advance detachments of the allies, who drove them back.

The wounded began coming into Paris this afternoon.

The battle between the German army and the forces of the allies is in progress today east of Paris along a front of 120 miles from Nanteuil Le Haudouin to Verdun, according to an official communication given out today.

Nanteuil Le Haudouin is 25 miles northeast of the city of Paris and 10 miles southeast of Senlis. The distance from Nanteuil Le Haudouin to Verdun is 120 miles.

Says Germans Retire.—The text of the announcement follows: "A general action has started on the line through Nanteuil Le Haudouin, Meaux, Soissons and Vitry Le Francois, extending to the south."

"Thanks to the action of our troops, the Germans retired."

The Germans advanced Saturday in the region between Coulommiers and La Ferté Gaucher."

Plan Crushing Defeat.—This is taken to indicate that the Germans have concentrated their forces against the center and right wing of the allies, in given in an official statement Sunday night, as follows: "It is reported that heavy guns have been brought up from Calais, Boulogne and Cherbourg to reinforce the flank around the capital."

Allies Claim Successes.—A summary of operations by the allies against the Germans, especially on the center and right wing of the enemy, is given in an official statement Sunday night, as follows: "First—The allied armies have again come into contact with our left wing (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.)"

A WAR PHOTOGRAPH FROM RUSSIA



Crowds of reservists marching through the streets of St. Petersburg following the declaration of war. This is the first photograph that has been passed by the Russian photograph censors since the opening of the war. It has just been received in this country from abroad. The men seen in this picture are now at the front, backing up the Russian regulars in their invasion of Germany.

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